

# UNC

But we, brave Britons, foreign laws despis'd,  
And kept unconquer'd, and *unconquered*:  
Pierce for the liberties of wit, and bold,  
We still defy'd the Romans, as of old.  
*Pope.*

Several, who have been polished in France, make use of  
the most coarse, *unpolished* words in our language. *Addison.*

UNCLARIFIED. *adj.* Not purged; not purified.  
One ounce of whey *unclarified*, one ounce of oil of vi-  
triol, make no apparent alteration. *Bacon's Phys. Remarks.*

To UNCLASP. *v. a.* To open what is shut with clasps.  
Thou know'st no less, but all: I have *unclasp'd*  
To thee the book, ev'n of my secret soul. *Shakespeare.*  
Prayer can *unclasp* the girdles of the north, saying to a  
mountain of ice, be thou removed hence, and cast into the  
sea. *Taylor's Worthy Communicant.*

UNCLASSICK. *Not classick.*  
Angel of dulcets, sent to scatter round  
Her magic charms o'er all *unclassick* ground. *Pope.*

UNCLE. *n. f.* [*uncle*, Fr.] The father's or mother's brother.  
Hamlet punishes his *uncle* rather for his own death, than the  
murder of his father. *Shakespeare Illustrated.*

UNCLEAN. *n. f.*  
1. Foul; dirty; filthy.  
Charon,  
A forl'd god: down from his hoary chin  
A length of beard descends, uncomb'd, *unclean*. *Dryden.*  
Priests are patterns for the rest;  
The gold of heav'n, who bear the God impress'd:  
But when the precious coin is kept *unclean*,  
The sov'reign's image is no longer seen.  
If they be foul, on whom the people trust,  
Well may the bawls contract a rust. *Dryden.*

2. Not purified by ritual practices.  
3. Foul with sin.  
Besides how vile, contemptible, ridiculous,  
What act more execrably *unclean*, profane?  
What agonies must he endure? What difficulties over-  
come, before he can cleanse himself from the pollutions of  
sin, and be a fit inhabitant of that holy place, where no  
*unclean* thing shall enter? *Rogers's Sermon.*

4. Lewd; unchaste.  
Let them all encircle him about,  
And, fairy-like too, pinch the *unclean* knight,  
And ask him, why that hour of fairy revel,  
In their so sacred paths he dares tread,  
In shape profane. *Shakespeare. Merry Wives of Windsor.*  
Some tree, whose broad, smooth leaves together fow'd,  
And girded on our loins, may cover round  
Those middle parts; that this new comer, shame,  
There sit not, and reproach us as *unclean*. *Milton.*

UNCLEANLINESS. *n. f.* Want of cleanliness.  
This profane liberty and *uncleanliness*, the archbishop re-  
volv'd to reform. *Clarendon.*

UNCLEANLY. *adj.*  
1. Foul; filthy; nasty.  
Civet is of a baser birth than tar;  
The very *uncleanly* flux of a cat. *Shakespeare.*

2. Indecent; unchaste.  
'Tis pity that these harmonious writers have ever indulg'd  
any thing *uncleanly* or impure to defile their paper. *Watts.*

UNCLEANNESS. *n. f.*  
1. Lewdness; incontinence.  
In St. Giles's I understood that most of the vilest and most  
miserable houses of *uncleaness* were. *Grant's Bills of Mortality.*

2. Want of cleanliness; nastiness.  
Be not curious nor careless in your habit; be not trouble-  
some to thyself, or to others, by unhandfomness, or *un-*  
*cleaness*. *Taylor's Guide to Devotion.*

3. Sin; wickedness.  
I will save you from all your *uncleanesses*. *Ez. xxxvi. 29.*

4. Want of ritual purity.  
UNCLEANSED. *adj.* Not cleansed.  
Pond earth is a good compost, if the pond have been long  
*uncleansed*: so the water be not too hungry. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*

To UNCLEW. *v. a.* [from *clew*.] To undo.  
If I should pay you for't as 'tis extoll'd,  
It would *unclew* me quite. *Shakespeare. Timon of Athens.*

To UNCLEWCH. *v. a.* To open the closed hand.  
The hero to his enterprize recalls;  
His fist *unclewch*, and the weapon falls. *Garth.*

UNCLOBBED. *adj.* Whole; not cut.  
As soon as there began a diffinition between clipped and  
*unclobbed* money, bullion arose. *Locke.*

To UNCLOSE. *v. a.* To strip; to make naked.  
The boughs and branches are never *unclosed* and left  
naked. *Ra'eigh's Hist. of the World.*

Poor orphans minds are left as *unclosed* and naked alto-  
gether, as their bodies. *Atterbury.*

Cover the couch over with thick woollen clothes, the  
warmth whereof will make it come presently; which once  
perceived, forthwith *unclosed* it. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*

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To a distinct knowledge of things, we must *uncloath* them  
of all these mixtures, that we may contemplate them naked,  
and in their own nature. *Watts's Logic.*

To UNCLOSE. *v. a.*  
1. To disencumber; to exonerate.  
Could I meet 'em  
But once a day, it would *unclose* my heart  
Of what lies heavy to't. *Shakespeare.*

2. To set at liberty.  
Then air, because *unclog'd* in empty space,  
Flies after fire, and claims the second place. *Dryden.*

To UNCLOSESTER. *v. n.* To set at large.  
Why did I not, *uncloister'd* from the womb,  
Take my next lodging in a tomb? *Norris.*

To UNCLOSE. *v. a.* To open.  
Soon as thy letters trembling I *unclose*,  
That well-known name awakens all my woes. *Pope.*

UNCLOSED. *adj.* Not separated by inclosures.  
The king's army would, through those *unclosed* parts, have  
done them little harm. *Clarendon.*

UNCLOSED. *adj.* Free from clouds; clear from obscurity;  
not darkened.  
The father unfolding bright  
Tow'rd the right hand his glory on the son  
Blaz'd forth *unclosed* deity. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

True virtues, with *unclosed* light,  
All great, all royal, shine divinely bright. *Roscommon.*

Blest with temper, whose *unclosed* ray,  
Can make to-morrow cheerful as to-day. *Pope.*

UNCLOSEDNESS. *n. f.* Openness; freedom from gloom.  
The love I would persuade, makes nothing more conduc-  
tive to it, than the greatest *unclosedness* of the eye, and the  
perfectest illustration of the object; which is such, that the  
clearest reason is the most advantageous light it can desire to  
be seen by. *Boyle.*

UNCLOUDY. *adj.* Free from a cloud.  
Now night in silent state begins to rise,  
And twinkling orbs bestrow th' *uncloody* skies;  
Her borrow'd lustre growing Cynthia lends. *Gay.*

To UNCLUTCH. *v. a.* To open.  
If the terrors of the Lord could not melt his bowels, *unclutch*  
his gripping hand, or disfigure him of his prey; yet sure it must  
discourage him from grasping of heaven too. *Decay of Piety.*

To UNCOIL. *v. a.* To pull the cap off.  
Yonder are two apple-women scolding, and just ready to  
*uncoil* one another. *Arbutnot and Pope.*

To UNCOIL. *v. a.* [from *coil*.] To open from being coiled or  
wrapped one part upon another.  
The spiral air-vessels are like threads of cobweb, a little  
*uncoiled*. *Derham's Physico-Theology.*

UNCOINED. *adj.* Not coined.  
While thou liv'st, Kate, take a fellow of plain, *uncoined*  
constancy. *Shakespeare's Hen. V.*

An ounce of coined standard silver, must be of equal va-  
lue to an ounce of *uncoined* standard silver. *Locke.*

UNCOLLECTED. *adj.* Not collected; not recollected.  
Aham'd, confus'd, I started from my bed,  
And to my soul yet *uncollected* said;  
Into thyself, fond Solomon! return;  
Reflect again, and thou again shalt mourn. *Prior.*

UNCOLOURED. *adj.* Not stained with any colour, or die.  
Out of things *uncoloured* and transparent, we can represent  
unto you all several colours. *Bacon.*

Whether to deck with clouds the *uncolour'd* sky,  
Or wet the thirsty earth with falling show'rs;  
Rising, or falling, still advance his praise. *Milton.*

UNCOMBED. *adj.* Not parted or adjusted by the comb.  
They might perceive his head  
To be *uncombed* and curled, *uncombed* hairs,  
Upstarting stiff. *Fairy Queen, b. 1. c. 9. ft. 22.*

Their locks are beds of *uncombed* snakes, that wind  
About their shady brows in wanton rings. *Cervantes.*

Thy locks *uncombed*, like a rough wood appear. *Dryden.*

UNCOMESTABLE. *adj.* Inaccessible; unattainable. A low,  
corrupt word.

UNCOMELINESS. *n. f.* Want of grace; want of beauty.  
The ruined churches are so unhandfomely patched, and  
thatched, that men do even shun the places, for the *uncom-*  
*eliness* thereof. *Speiser's Ireland.*

He prais'd women's modesty, and gave orderly, well-  
behaved reproof to all *uncomeliness*. *Shakespeare.*

Those arches which the Tuscan writers call *di terzo*, and  
*di quarto acuto*, because they always concur in an acute angle,  
both for the natural imbecility of the angle itself, and like-  
wise for their very *uncomeliness*, ought to be excised from judi-  
cious eyes. *Wotton's Architecture.*

Forgetting that duty of modest concealment which they  
owed to the father of their country, in case they had dis-  
covered any real *uncomeliness*. *K. Charles.*

The beauty or *uncomeliness* in good and ill breedings, will  
make deeper impressions on them, in the examples of others,  
than from any rules. *Locke.*

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UNCOMELY. *adj.* Not comely; wanting grace.  
Though he thought inquisitiveness an *uncomely* guest, he  
could not but ask who she was. *Sidney.*

Neither is the fame accounted an *uncomely* manner of rid-  
ing: for great warriors say, they never saw a more comely  
man than the Irishman, nor that cometh on more bravely in  
his charge. *Spenser's Ireland.*

Many, who troubled them most in their counsels, durst  
not go thither, for fear of *uncomely* affronts. *Clarendon.*

Uncomely courage, unbecoming skill. *Thomson's Autumn.*

UNCOMFORTABLE. *adj.*  
1. Affording no comfort; gloomy; dismal; miserable.  
He much complaineth of his own *uncomfortable* exile,  
wherein he sustained many most grievous indignities, and en-  
dured the want of sundry, both pleasures and honours, be-  
fore enjoyed. *Hosker.*

Christmas is in the most dead, *uncomfortable* time of the  
year, when the poor people would suffer very much, if they  
had not good cheer to support them. *Addison.*

Ours is melancholy and *uncomfortable* portion here below!  
A place, where not a day passes, but we eat our bread with  
sorrow and cares: the present troubles us, the future amazes;  
and even the past fills us with grief and anguish. *Wake.*

The fun ne'er views th' *uncomfortable* seats,  
When radiant he advances or retreats. *Pope's Odyssey.*

2. Receiving no comfort; melancholy.

UNCOMFORTABLENESS. *n. f.* Want of cheerfulness.  
The want of just dispositions to the holy sacrament, may  
occasion this *uncomfortableness*. *Taylor's Worthy Communicant.*

UNCOMFORTABLY. *adv.* Without cheerfulness.

UNCOMMANDED. *adj.* Not commanded.  
It is easy to see what judgment is to be passed upon all  
those affected, *uncommanded*, absurd austerities of the Romish  
profession. *South.*

UNCOMMON. *adj.* Not frequent; not often found or known.  
Some of them are *uncommon*, but such as the reader must  
assent to, when he sees them explained. *Addison.*

UNCOMMONLY. *adv.* Not frequently; to an uncommon degree.

UNCOMMONNESS. *n. f.* Infrequency.  
Our admiration of the antiquities about Naples and Rome,  
does not so much arise out of their greatness as *uncom-*  
*monness*. *Addison.*

UNCOMPACT. *adj.* Not compact; not closely cohering.  
These rivers were not streams of running matter; for  
how could a liquid, that lay hardening by degrees, settle in  
such a furrow'd, *uncompact* surface? *Addison.*

UNCOMMUNICATED. *adj.* Not communicated.  
There is no such mutual infusion as really causeth the same  
natural operations or properties to be made common unto  
both substances; but whatsoever is natural to deity, the same  
remaineth in Christ *uncommunicated* unto his manhood; and  
whatsoever natural to manhood, his deity thereof is unca-  
pable. *Hosker.*

UNCOMPANIED. *adj.* Having no companion.  
Thence the fiend, *uncompacted*, unfought. *Fairfax.*

UNCOMPASSIONATE. *adj.* Having no pity.  
Neither deep groans, nor silver-shedding tears,  
Could penetrate her *uncompassionate* fire. *Shakespeare.*

Hero and Leander were drowned in the *uncompassionate*  
furies. *Sandys's Journey.*

If thou in strength all mortals dost exceed;  
In *uncompassionate* anger do not so. *Milton's Agonistes.*

UNCOMPELLED. *adj.* Free from compulsion.  
The amorous needle, once joined to the loadstone, would  
never, *uncompelled*, forsake the enchanting mineral. *Boyle.*

Keep my voyage from the royal ear,  
Nor, *uncompell'd*, the dangerous truth betray,  
Till twice six times defends the lamp of day. *Pope.*

UNCOMPLAISANT. *adj.* Not civil; not obliging.  
A natural roughness makes a man *uncomplaisant* to others,  
so that he has no deference for their inclinations. *Locke.*

UNCOMPLETED. *adj.* Not perfect; not finished.  
Various incidents do not make different fables, but are  
only the *uncompleted* and unfinished parts of the same fable. *Pope.*

UNCOMPOUNDED. *adj.*  
1. Simple; not mixed.  
Hardness may be reckoned the property of all *uncompounded*  
matter. *Newton's Opticks.*

Your *uncompounded* atoms, you  
Figures in numbers infinite allow;  
From which, by various combination, springs  
This unconfined diversity of things. *Blackmore.*

2. Simple; not intricate.  
The substance of the faith was comprised in that *uncom-*  
*pounded* style, but was afterwards prudently enlarged, for the  
repelling heretical invaders. *Hammond's Fundamentals.*

UNCOMPREHENDED. *adj.* Free from comprehension.  
We might be furnished with a reply, by setting down the  
differing weight of our receiver, when emptied, and when  
full of *uncompounded* air. *Boyle.*

# UNC

UNCOMPREHENSIVE. *adj.*  
1. Unable to comprehend.  
2. In *Shakespeare* it seems to signify *incomprehensible*.  
The providence, that's in a watchful state,  
Knows almost every grain of Pluto's gold;  
Finds bottom in th' *incomprehensible* deep. *Shakespeare.*

UNCONCEIVABLE. *adj.* Not to be understood; not to be com-  
prehended by the mind.  
In the communication of motion by impulse, we can have  
no other conception, but of the passing of motion out of one  
body into another; which is as obscure and *unconceivable*, as  
how our minds move or stop our bodies by thought. *Locke.*

Those atoms wondrous small must be,  
Small to an *unconceivable* degree;  
Since though these radiant spoils dispers'd in air,  
Do ne'er return, and ne'er the sun repair. *Blackmore.*

UNCONCEIVABLENESS. *n. f.* Incomprehensibility.  
The *unconceivableness* of something they find in one, throws  
men violently into the contrary hypothesis, though altoge-  
ther as unintelligible. *Locke.*

UNCONCEIVED. *adj.* Not thought; not imagined.  
Vast is my theme, yet *unconceived*, and brings  
Untoward words, scarce loosen'd yet from things. *Creech.*

UNCONCERN. *n. f.* Negligence; want of interest; freedom  
from anxiety; freedom from perturbation.  
Such things had been charged upon us by the malice of  
enemies, the want of judgment in friends, and the *unconcern*  
of indifferent persons. *Swift.*

UNCONCERNED. *adj.*  
1. Having no interest.  
An idle person is like one that is dead, *unconcerned* in the  
changes and necessities of the world. *Taylor.*

The earth's motion is to be admitted, notwithstanding the  
seeming contrary evidence of *unconcerned* senses. *Clarville.*

It seems a principle in human nature, to incline one way  
more than another, even in matters where we are wholly  
*unconcerned*. *Swift.*

2. Not anxious; not disturbed; not affected.  
See the morn,  
All *unconcern'd* with our unrest, begins  
Her rosy progress smiling. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

You call'd me into all your joys, and gave me  
An equal share; and in this depth of misery  
Can I be *unconcerned*? *Denham's Sophy.*

The virgin from the ground  
Upstart fresh, already clos'd the wound;  
And *unconcern'd* for all she felt before,  
Precipitates her flight along the shore. *Dryden.*

Happy mortals, *unconcern'd* for more,  
Confin'd their wishes to their native shore. *Dryden.*

We shall be easy and *unconcerned* at all the accidents of  
the way, and regard only the event of the journey. *Rogers.*

UNCONCERNEDLY. *adv.* Without interest or affection; with-  
out anxiety; without perturbation.  
Not the most cruel of our conquering foes,  
So *unconcern'dly* can relate our woes,  
As not to lend a tear. *Denham.*

Death was denounc'd, that frightful sound,  
Which ev'n the best can hardly bear:  
He took the summons, void of fear,  
And *unconcern'dly* cast his eyes around,  
As if to find and dare the grieved challenger. *Dryden.*

Is heaven, with its pleasures for evermore, to be parted  
with so *unconcernedly*? Is an exceeding and eternal weight of  
glory too light in the balance against the hopeless death of the  
atheist, and utter extinction. *Bentley.*

UNCONCERNEDNESS. *n. f.* Freedom from anxiety, or pertur-  
bation.  
No man, having done a kindness to another, would think  
himself justly dealt with, in a total neglect, and *unconcerned-*  
*ness* of the person who had received that kindness. *South.*

UNCONCERNING. *adj.* Not interesting; not affecting; not be-  
longing to one.  
Things impossible in their nature, or *unconcerning* to us,  
cannot beget it. *Decay of Piety.*

The science of medals, which is charged with so many  
*unconcerning* parts of knowledge, and built on such mean ma-  
terials, appears ridiculous to those that have not exa-  
mined it. *Addison on Antient Medals.*

UNCONCERNMENT. *n. f.* The state of having no share.  
Being privileged by an happy *unconcernment* in those legal  
murders, you may take a sweeter relish of your own in-  
nocence. *South.*

UNCONCLOBBED. *adj.* Not decisive; inferring no plain or  
UNCONCLUDING. } certain conclusion or consequence.  
Our arguments are inevident and *unconcludent*. *Hale.*

He makes his understanding only the warehouse of other  
mens false and *unconcluding* reasonings, rather than a repository  
of truth for his own use. *Locke.*

UNCONCLUDINGNESS. *n. f.* Quality of being unconcluding.  
29 L *Either*